Klentaq LA Cat #: 110



Amount: 100 μl enyzme (sufficient for 2000 x 25 μl reactions up to 1 kb) Shipping conditions: Ambient Storage conditions: -20°C Thermostability: Retains at least 85% activity after 1 hour at 95°C Expiration: On tube label

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:

Klentaq LA is the Long Accurate version of Klentaq1, a 5'-exonuclease deficient Taq polymerase (an N-terminal deletion of Taq) with improved fidelity and thermostability. LA enzymes are not recommended for use with dUTP. 10x buffer composition is: 500 mM Tris-Cl pH 9.2, 160 mM ammonium sulfate, 0.5% Brij 58, and 35 mM magnesium chloride. We also offer (upon request) 10x buffer at pH 7.9 for better fidelity.

Reagent	Volume	Final Concentration
10x Klentaq1 Reaction Buffer	2.5 μl	1x
DNTP mix (10 mM)	0.5 μl	200 uM each
Left Primer	variable	200 nM
Right Primer	variable	200 nM
DNA template†	variable	0.1-100 ng
PCR Enhancer Cocktail (recommended)*	12.5 µl	1x
Klentaq LA**	0.05 – 0.25 µl **	
De-ionized distilled H ₂ O	Adjust final volume to 25 µl	

TYPICAL PCR PROTOCOL for a 25 ul reaction:

† DNA amount depends mostly on genome size and target gene copy number.

* For optimal performance, we recommend using one of our PCR Enhancer Cocktails (PEC-1, PEC-1GC, PEC-2, or PEC-2-GC) which are specially formulated for use with whole blood, serum or plasma or 1.3M Betaine, a general PCR enhancer.

** To determine specific optimal enzyme concentration, we strongly recommend an enzyme titration test for each target. A good starting amount of enzyme per 25 μ l reaction is 0.05 μ l. Targets larger than 1kb may require more enzyme.

CYCLING CONDITIONS

- 1. Denaturing: 94° for 2 minutes for 1 cycle
- 2. Denaturing: 94° for 20-40 seconds
- 3. Annealing: $50^{\circ}-68^{\circ}$ depending on the specific primers (5° less than Tm) for 40-60 seconds
- 4. Extension: 68° for 2 min/kb target
- 5. Repeat steps 2-4 for 25-40 cycles

Please visit us on the web at www.klentaq.com for troubleshooting and detailed protocols.

REFERENCES:

Barnes, W.M. (1994) PCR amplification of up to 35 kb DNA with high fidelity and high yield from bacteriophage templates, PNAS 91, 2216-2220.

U.S. Patent No. 5,436,149