

Cesium Klentaq C

Cat #: 280

Amount: 100 µl (1000 x 50 µl reactions)

Shipping conditions: Ambient temperature

Storage conditions: -20°C F

Thermostability: Retains at least 85% activity after 1 hour at 95°C

Shelf life: At least 1 year from date of receipt under proper storage conditions.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:

Cesium Klentaq C is a cold-sensitive mutant of Klentaq1 (5'-exonuclease deficient Taq polymerase with improved fidelity and thermostability). Due to its suppressed activity at low temperatures this enzyme is designed for hot start PCR performance. 10x buffer composition is: 500 mM Tris-Cl pH 9.2, 160 mM ammonium sulfate, 0.25% Brij 58, and 35 mM magnesium chloride.

TYPICAL PCR PROTOCOL for a 25 ul reaction:

Reagent	Volume	Final Concentration
10x Cesium Klentaq C reaction buffer	2.5 µl	1x
dNTP mix (10 mM each)	0.5 µl	200 µM each
Left Primer	variable	200 nM
Right Primer	variable	200 nM
DNA template†	variable	0.1-100 ng
PCR Enhancer Cocktail (recommended)*	12.5 µl	1x
Cesium Klentaq C	0.05 – 0.25 µl **	
De-ionized distilled H2O	Adjust final volume to 25 ul	

† DNA amount depends mostly on genome size and target gene copy number.

* For optimal performance, we recommend using one of our PCR Enhancer Cocktails (PEC-1, PEC-1GC, PEC-2, or PEC-2-GC) or 1.3 M Betaine, which is a general PCR enhancer.

** To determine specific optimal enzyme concentration, we strongly recommend an enzyme titration test for each target. Targets larger than 1 kb may require more enzyme or may benefit from the use of an LA (Long Accurate) version of the polymerase.

CYCLING CONDITIONS:

1. Denaturing: 94° for 2-8 minutes for 1 cycle
2. Denaturing: 94° for 40-60 seconds
3. Annealing: 50°-68° depending on the specific Tm primers for 40-60 seconds
4. Extension: 68° for 2 min/kb target
5. Repeat steps 2-4 for 25-40 cycles

Please visit us on the web at www.klentaq.com for troubleshooting and detailed protocols.

REFERENCES:

Kermekchiev, M.B., et al. (2003) Cold-sensitive mutants of Taq DNA polymerase provide a hot start for PCR. Nucl Acids Res. 31, 6139-6147.

Kermekchiev, M.B. et al. (2009) Mutants of Taq DNA polymerase resistant to PCR inhibitors allow DNA amplification from whole blood and crude soil samples. Nucl. Acids Res., 37 (5):e40 E pub.

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